

Folia Entomologica Mexicana Sociedad Mexicana de Entomología, A. C. ibanez@ecologia.edu.mx ISSN (Versión impresa): 0430-8603 MÉXICO

> 2005 John D. Mccarty A NEW SPECIES OF OREODERA AUDINET-SERVILLE FROM PANAMA AND COSTA RICA (COLEOPTERA: CERAMBYCIDAE, LAMIINAE, ACANTHODERINI) *Folia Entomologica Mexicana,* noviembre, año/vol. 44, número suplemento 1 Sociedad Mexicana de Entomología, A. C. Xalapa, México pp. 83-86

Red de Revistas Científicas de América Latina y el Caribe, España y Portugal



Universidad Autónoma del Estado de México

http://redalyc.uaemex.mx

NEW SPECIES OF OREODERA AUDINET-SERVILLE FROM PANAMA AND COSTA RICA (COLEOPTERA: CERAMBYCIDAE, LAMIINAE, ACANTHODERINI)

JOHN D. MCCARTY

3131 San Pablo Dam Road El Sobrante, CA 94803

McCarty, J. D. 2005. A new species of *Oreodera* Audinet-Serville from Panama and Costa Rica (Coleoptera: Cerambycidae, Lamiinae, Acanthoderini). *Folia Entomol. Mex.*, 44 (Supl. 1): 83-86.

ABSTRACT. A new species of *Oreodera* Audinet-Serville, *Oreodera aliciae* is described from Panama and Costa Rica. A colored illustration is presented KEY WORDS: Insecta, Costa Rica, Panama, Coleoptera, Cerambycidae, *Oreodera*, Acanthoderini, new species.

McCarty, J. D. 2005. Una nueva especie de *Oreodera* Audinet-Serville de Panamá y Costa Rica (Coleoptera: Cerambycidae, Lamiinae, Acanthoderini). *Folia Entomol. Mex.*, 44 (Supl. 1): 83-86.

RESUMEN. Una especie nueva de Oreodera Audinet-Serville, Oreodera aliciae es descrita de Panamá y Costa Rica. Se incluyen ilustraciones a color.

PALABRAS CLAVE: Insecta, Costa Rica, Panamá, Coleoptera, Cerambycidae, Oreodera, Acanthoderini, nueva especie.

Since the publication of a review of Mexican *Oreodera* Audinet-Serville (McCarty, 2001), a new species from Costa Rica and Panama was recognized. This species is described below.

Oreodera aliciae sp. nov. (Fig. 1)

Oreodera howdeni Monné & Giesbert, 1994 (not Monnné & Fragoso, 1988).

Male. Form small to moderate-sized, tapering posteriorly; integument dark reddish-brown; pubescence short, appressed, dense, golden brown, intermixed with brown, grayish-white, and black. Head with front vaguely convex, micropunctate, with a few scattered, large, coarse punctures at sides, pubescence moderately dense, short, appressed, golden brown, relatively uniformly thick below eyes, thinner toward middle, integument partially exposed, eye margins encircled with longer pale, semi-erect setae; middle with a deep, glabrous, longitudinal suture extending back from frontal clypeal suture to occiput; vertex feebly convex between upper eye lobes; occiput with a bare, dark brown spot at each side of middle; eyes large, deeply emarginate, upper lobes separated by about width of second antennal segment, upper and lower lobes connected by about three rows of facets; genae subequal in length to lower eye lobes. Antennae extending five segments beyond elytral apices, third segment almost twice as long as scape, fourth subequal to third, fifth shorter than fourth; third and fourth segments white biannulate, basal por-

tions of segments five through eleven white annulate, segments one through five sparsely fringed on inner margins with long, pale, erect hairs which diminish apically; pubescence short, moderately dense, pale and dark brown. Pronotum 1.5 times broader than long; disk with two, prominent, sub-glabrous tubercles anterior to middle, one on each side behind, median with a smaller, longitudinal callus, basal margin with a small, round, flattened, black callus present behind central tubercles, basal an apical margins feebly impressed; punctures coarse, sparse, irregularly spaced in a single row in apical depression, basal depression with several rows, several punctures scattered between discal calluses, lateral margins broadly, obtusely tuberculate; pubescence dense, appressed, pale brown between calluses, darker brown along apical margin; discal and marginal tubercles tipped with small, glabrous, dark brown macula, at posterior margin a narrow black macula extends backward from callus to base aligning with another macula at elytral base; prosternum with intercoxal process about one-half as broad as procoxa, apex broader, slightly concave at middle, arcuate, surface uniformly covered with fine, short, appressed, whitish pubescence; mesosternum short, broad, sparsely covered with fine, appressed, whitish pubescence, intercoxal process one-half as wide as mesacoxa, apex emarginate, subglabrous at base; metasternum about 1 1/2 timer longer than mesosternum, with a deep, longitudinal sulcus at middle, surface micropunctate, sides with a few, coarse punctures; pubescence moderately dense appressed, whitish, longer at sides, interrupted by punctures. Elytra 1.7 times longer than humeral width, basal 3/4 with margins gradually tapering, apical 1/4 abruptly, apices broadly sinuate truncate, outer angles dentate, inner angles narrowly rounded; humeri prominent, with a small, protruding tubercle at margins; disk of each elytron with central basal portion slightly elevated, feebly gibbose, each gibbosity with one or two

black tufts, a shallow, oblique depression present before middle extending from suture slanting forward toward sides; pubescence long, thick, appressed, dense, golden brown in a narrow, transverse band at base, intermingled with a few, longer, erect, golden-brown hairs clustered together to form tufts, apical one-third with a dark brown, narrow, transverse band stretching across each elytron, intermixed with a small patches of pale, appressed hairs, below and behind humeri integument sparsely covered with fine, pale, pubescence exposing dark reddish-brown cuticle, middle with a broadly rounded, elongate, oblique, postmedian, white macula, a small, round, white macula present behind near margin, apical three-fourths variegated with dark brown, golden-brown and whitish, several fulvous tufts present on each elytron as follows: a short tuft adjacent to basal margin at middle of postmedian macula, a short, linear tufts between suture and postmedian white macula, at posterior margin of postmedian white macula, another round tuft near middle, apical four-fifths with a small, round tuft, followed by another close to suture; punctures large, coarse, moderately dense, randomly scattered over elytra, diminishing apically. Scutellum broadly rounded at apex, impunctate, densely covered with pale and dark brown pubescence. Legs robust; femora abruptly clavate beyond middle, upper surface clothed with gravish white pubescence with subglabrous areas, ventral parts of legs more uniformly gravish pubescent, tibiae dark brown biannulate; dorsal surface of basal tarsal segments covered with dense, appressed, grayish hairs; apical segments dark brown. Abdomen with pubescence short, moderately-dense, appressed, fine, golden brown, evenly distributed on all sternites; punctures medium-sized, randomly scattered over surface, partially hidden by pubescence; fifth sternite longer than fourth, slightly emarginate at apex, apical margins lined with long, pale hairs. Length, 11-14 mm.

Female. Form similar to male, more robust, bo-



FIGURE 1. Oreodera aliciae, sp. nov., Male Holotype.

dy less tapering. Antennae shorter, extending 3 segments beyond elytral apices. Abdomen with fifth sternite about as long as third and fourth combined, linearly impressed in middle, apex vaguely emarginate. Length, 14-16 mm (Fig. 2).

Type Material. Holotype male, PANAMA. Chiriqui: Hartman's Finca, 18 May 1996 (Robert H. Turnbow). Deposited in EMEC. Paratypes include 2 males same data. Allotype female, COS-TA RICA. Monteverde, Puntarenas: 1500 m, 23 May 1972 (Carlos Guindon); 1 female, same locality, 2 January 1986 (W. Haber); 1 female, same locality, 12-16 June 1978 (†E. Giesbert); 1 male, 1 female, Est. La Casona, Res. Biol., Monteverde, 1520 m, Oct. 1990 (E. Bello); Nov. 1990 (M. Ramírez); 1 male, 1 female, San Luis, 1040 m, R. B. Monteverde, July 1992 (Z. Fientes); Abr. 1999 (Z. Fuentes); 1 male, Buen Amigo, San Luis, Monteverde, Sept. 1994 (Z. Fuentes); Guanacaste Prov.: 1 female, Liberia,

FIGURE 2. Oreodera aliciae, sp. nov., Female Allotype.

Etac. Margo, 1000 m, Feb. 1988 (Janzen); 1 male, R. San Lorenzo, 1050m, R. F. Cord, Guanacaste, Tenoria, May 1991 (C. Alvarado); 1 male, Est. Cacao, 1000-1400 m, Lado So Vol. Cacao, P. N. G.; Abr 1991 (C. Chaves). Allotype deposited in CASC, paratypes in INBIO, RHTC, EMEC, FTHC, JDMC.

Diagnosis. Oreodera aliciae superficially resembles O. wappessi McCarty by the mid-elytral contrasting white maculae, but it can readily separated by the following combination of characters: each basal gibbosity with two black tufts, anterior margin of white macula not M-shaped, with a dark brown line and with two black tufts at the elytral four-fifths. O aliciae differs from O lezamai Hovore by having two black tufts at the basal 1/3 and a longitudinal black macula behind middle. Also, the white oblique maculae are not distinctly delimited anteriorly. O. aliciae differs from O. costaricencis Thomson by the prominent white oblique maculae and black pubescent tufts which form a slightly oblique transverse band at basal 1/3 and another vague black band behind the white maculae.

Etimology. This species is dedicated to the memory of Alicia Rodríguez Palafox, friend and colleague.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The following institutions and individuals are gratefully acknowledged for the loan of specimens: Essig Museum of Entomology (EMEC), California Academy of Sciences (CASC), Canadian Museum of Nature (CMNC), F. T. Hovore (FTHC), Robert H. Turnbow (RHTC). Special thanks to John A. Chemsak for his untiring help in the preparation of the manuscript, comments, editing and suggestions.

LITERATURE CITED

HOVORE, F. T. 1989. Records and descriptions of Costa Rican Cerambycidae, Part 1: The turrialba Valley. Insecta Mundi, 3(4):

MCCARTY, J. D. 2001. A review of the Mexican species of *Oreodera* Audinet-Serville (Coleoptera: Cerambycidae). *Occasional Papers of the Consortium Coleopterorum* 4(1): 13-34.

- MONNÉ, M. A., AND S. A. FRAGOSO. 1988. Novas especies e sinonimia de *Oreodera* Audinet-Serville, 1835 (Coleoptera, Cerambycidae, Lamiinae, Acanthoderini) *Rev. Brasil. Biol., R. Janeiro*, 48(4): 811/831, 24 figs.
- MONNÉ, M. A., AND E. F. GIESBERT. 1994. Checklist of the Cerambycidae and Disteniidae (Coleoptera) of the Western Hemisphere. Wolfsgarden Books, Burbank, California, xiv + 409 pp.

Recibido: 25 de febrero del 2004. Aceptado: 14 de noviembre del 2004.